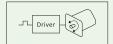






A stepper motor is an electromechanical device which converts electrical pulses into discrete mechanical movements. The shaft of a stepper motor rotates in discrete step increments when electrical command pulses are applied to it in a proper sequence. The motor rotation has several direct relationships to these applied input pulses. The sequence of the applied pulses is directly related to the direction of motor shafts rotation. The speed of the motor shafts rotation is directly related to the frequency of the input pulses and the length of rotation is directly related to the number of input pulses applied.

A stepper motor can be a good choice whenever controlled movement is required. They can be used in applications where you need to control rotation angle, speed, position and synchronism. Because of the inherent advantages. stepper motors have found their places in many different applications, such as CNC routers, laser machines, and so on.





The length of rotation is directly related to the number of input pulses applied.

There are three basic stepper motor types. They are variable-reluctance, permanent-magnet and hybrid.

Variable-reluctance (VR)

This type of motor consists of a soft iron multi-toothed rotor and a wound stator. When the stator windings are energized with DC current the poles become magnetized. Rotation occurs when the rotor teeth are attracted to the energized stator poles.

Permanent Magnet (PM)

Often referred to as a "tin can" or "canstock" motor, the permanent magnet step motor is a low cost and low resolution type motor. PM motors as the name implies have permanent magnets added to the motor structure. The magnetized rotor poles provide an increased magnetic flux intensity and because of this the PM motor exhibits improved torque characteristics when compared with the VR type.

Hybrid (HB)

The hybrid stepper motor provides better performance with respect to step resolution, torque and speed. The hybrid stepper motor combines the best features of both the PM and VR type stepper motors. The rotor is multi-toothed like the VR motor and contains an axially magnetized concentric magnet around its shaft. This further increases the detent, holding and dynamic torque characteristics of the motor when compared with both the VR and PM types. Generally speaking, the hybrid motor may be the better choice along with reducing cost, for it offers better performance with respect to step resolution, torque and speed.

Normal Selection Steps

You can follow the following steps to choose a stepper motor.

1. Determining the Drive Mechanism Component

Determine the mechanism and required specifications. First, determine certain features of the design, such as mechanism, rough dimensions, distances moved, and positioning period.

2. Calculate the Required Resolution

Find the resolution the motor requires. From the required resolution, determine whether a motor only or a geared motor is to be used. The resolution and positioning accuracy of a stepper motor system is affected by several factors—the stepper angle, the selected drive mode (full-step, half-step or microstepper), and the gear rate.

3. Determine the Operating Pattern

Determine the operating pattern that fulfills the required specifications. Find the acceleration (deceleration) period and operating pulse speed in order to calculate the acceleration torque.

4. Calculate the Required Torque

Calculate the load torque and acceleration torque and find the required torque demanded by the motor.

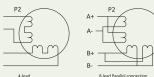
24

Make a provisional selection of a motor based on required torque. Determine the motor to be used from the speed-torque characteristics.

Confirm the acceleration/deceleration rate and inertia ratio.

Motor Connections

The M series drives can drive any 2-phase, 4-phase hybrid stepper motors, including 4-lead, 6-lead and 8-lead motors. Step angle of the motors can be 1.8 or 0.9 degree. For 6-lead and 8-lead stepper motors, different connections have different performance shown in the following figures.











Better high speed performance due to smaller inductance

Higher torque than half-coil at low speed with the same current

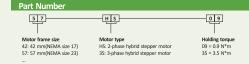
Leadshine's Stepper Motors

Leadshine offers 2-phase and 3-phase stepper motors from NEMA14 to NEMA51. Made of high quality cold roll sheet copper and anti-high temperature permanent magnet, these stepper motors are highly reliable and generate low motor heating. Because of their nice internal damping characteristics, those stepper motors can run very smoothly and have no obvious resonance area within the whole speed ranges.

Same low-speed performance as parallel

connection with smaller current

Phase	NEMA Size	Model	Step Angle (°)	# of Leads	Connection	Current/Phase (A)	Holding Torque (Nm)	Length L (mm)	Weight (kg)	Match Drives																				
	14	35HS01	1.8	4	-	0.4	0.07	26	0.15	EM402 / DM422C / DM556-CAN																				
	16	39HS02	1.8	4	-	0.6	0.22	34	0.2	EM402 / DM422C / DM556-CAN																				
		42HS02	1.8	4	-	0.4	0.22	40	0.24	EM402 / DM422C / DM556-CAN																				
	17				Parallel	1.4	0.47																							
	17	42HS03	1.8	8	Series	0.7	0.47	48	0.34	EM402 / DM422C / DM556-CAN																				
					Unipolar	1.0	0.34																							
		57HS04	1.8	6	Series	2.0	0.4	41	0.45	EM503 / DM556 / DM556-CAN																				
					Unipolar	2.8	0.28																							
		57HS09			Parallel	4.2	1.3																							
			1.8	8	Series	2.1	1.3	54	0.6	EM503 / DM556 / DM556-CAN																				
					Unipolar	2.8	0.9																							
	23				Parallel	4.0	1.8																							
		57HS13	1.8	8	Series	2.0	1.8	76	1.0	EM503 / EM705 / DM556 / DM556-																				
					Unipolar	2.8	1.3																							
2								Parallel	5.6	2.2																				
2		57HS22	1.8	8	Series	2.8	2.2	81	1.15	EM503 / EM705 / DM556 / DM556-																				
					Unipolar	4.0	1.5																							
		86HS35	1.8																						Parallel	4.0	3.5			
				8	Series	2.0	3.5	65	1.7	EM705 / EM806 / DM870																				
					Unipolar	2.8	2.5																							
			1.8															4.0				Parallel	6.0	4.5						
	34	86HS45		8	Series	3.0	4.5	80	2.3	EM806 / DM870 / DM1182																				
					Unipolar	4.2	3.2																							
					Parallel	6.8	8.5																							
		86HS85	1.8	8	Series	3.4	8.5	118	3.8	EM806 / DM870 / DM1182 / DM2282																				
					Unipolar	4.9	6.0																							
	42	110HS12	1.8	4	-	5.0	12	99	5.0	DM1182 / DM2282																				
	72	110HS20	1.8	4	-	6.5	20	150	8.4	DM1182 / DM2282																				
	51	130HS27	1.8	4	-	6.0	27	227	13	DM1182 / DM2282																				
	51	130HS45	1.8	4	-	7.0	45	283	19	DM1182 / DM2282																				
		573S05	1.2	6	Delta	5.2	0.45	42	0.45	3DM683 / 3DM883																				
	23	573S09	1.2	6	Delta	3.5	0.9	50	0.75	3DM683 / 3DM883																				
3		573S15	1.2	6	Delta	5.8	1.3	76	1.1	3DM683 / 3DM883																				
,		863S22	1.2	6	Delta	5.0	2.3	71	1.7	3DM683 / 3DM883																				
	34	863542	1.2	6	Delta	5.0	4.3	103	2.9	3DM683 / 3DM883																				
		863S68H	1.2	6	Delta	2.3	6.8	135	4.0	3DM683 / 3DM883																				





35HSxx / 39HSxx

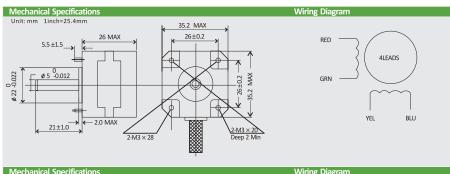


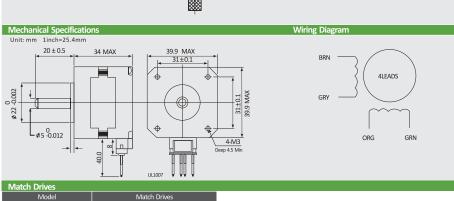
35HSxx/39HSxx Series





Selec	Selection Table											
Phase	NEMA Size	Model	Step Angle	# of Leads	Connection	Current/Phase (A)	Holding Torque (Nm)	Length L (mm)	Weight (kg)	Match Drives		
	14	35HS01	1.8	4	-	0.4	0.07	26	0.15	EM402 / DM422C / DM556-CAN		
2	16	30HSU3	1.8	Λ	-	0.6	0.22	3/1	0.20	EM/02 / DM/22C / DM556-CAN		





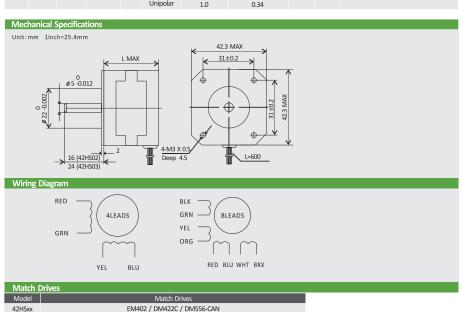
EM402 / DM422C / DM556-CAN

42HSxx Series

General Specifications	
Angle Accuracy	\pm 5%(full step, no load)
Temperature Rise	80 °C Max
Ambient Temperature	-10 °C — +50 °C
Insulation Resistance	100M Ω min. 500VDC
Dielectric Strength	500VAC for one minute
Shaft Radial Play	0.06 Max. (450g-load)
Shaft Axial Play	0.08 Max. (450g-load)



Selec	Selection Table												
Phase	NEMA Size	Model	Step Angle (°)	# of Leads	Connection	Current/Phase (A)	Holding Torque (Nm)	Length L (mm)	Weight (kg)	Match Drives			
		42HS02	1.8	4	-	0.4	0.22	40	0.24	EM402 / DM422C / DM556-CAN			
2	2 17				Parallel	1.4	0.47						
2 17	1/	42HS03	1.8	8	Series	0.7	0.47	48	0.34	EM402 / DM422C / DM556-CAN			
					Uningler	4.0	0.04						



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57HSxx Series



* The diameter of the shaft of the 57HS22 is 8 mm, and those of the others are 6.35 mm.



Selec	Selection Table												
Phase	NEMA Size	Model	Step Angle	# of Leads	Connection	Current/Phase (A)	Holding Torque (Nm)	Length L (mm)	Weight (kg)	Match Drives			
	57HS04	57HS04	1.8	6	Series	2.0	0.4	41	0.45	EM503 / DM556 / DM556-CAN			
					Unipolar	2.8	0.28						
					Parallel	4.2	1.3						
	57HS09	57HS09	1.8	8	Series	2.1	1.3	54	0.6	EM503 / EM705 / DM556 / DM556-CAN			
					Unipolar	2.8	0.9						
2	23		3 1.8	8	Parallel	4.0	1.8		1.0				
		57HS13			Series	2.0	1.8	76		EM503 / EM705 / DM556 / DM556-CAN			
					Unipolar	2.8	1.3						
	5		1.8	8	Parallel	5.6	2.2						
		57HS22*			Series	2.8	2.2	81	1.15	EM503 / EM705 / DM556 / DM556-CAN			
					Unipolar	4.0	1.5						

Wiring	Diagra	m									
RED	\supset		\	RED	\supset		BLU	\supset	_		
WHT	\dashv (6 LEAD	s)		}(4	LEADS)	RED		8 LE	ADS)	
GRN	` لـــ	$\overline{}$	_	GRN	7 /		YEL	\supset			
		$ \uparrow $				• •	GRN	$\neg \land$		\cap	
	YEL	BLK	BLU		YEL	BLU		BRN	BLK	ORG	WHT

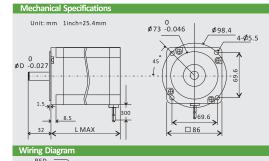
IVIALLITO	ives		
Model	Match Drives	Model	Match Drives
57HS04	EM503 / EM705 / DM556 / DM556-CAN	57HS13	EM503 / EM705 / DM556 / DM556-CAN
57HS09	EIVISUS / EIVI7US / DIVISSO / DIVISSO-CAIN	57HS22	EIVISOS / EIVI7OS / DIVISSO / DIVISSO-CAIV

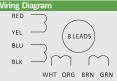
86HSxx Series

General Specifications	
Angle Accuracy	\pm 5%(full step, no load)
Temperature Rise	80 °C Max
Ambient Temperature	-10 °C ── +50 °C
Insulation Resistance	100M Ω min. 500VDC
Dielectric Strength	500VAC for one minute
Shaft Radial Play	0.06 Max. (450g-load)
Shaft Axial Play	0.08 Max. (450g-load)

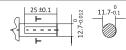


Selec	Selection Table											
Phase	NEMA Size	Model	Step Angle	# of Leads	Connection	Current/Phase (A)	Holding Torque (Nm)	Length L (mm)	Weight (kg)	Match Drives		
					Parallel	4.0	3.5					
		86HS35	1.8	8	Series	2.0	3.5	65	1.7	DM556-CAN / EM705 / EM806 / DM870		
					Unipolar	2.8	2.5					
		86HS45			Parallel	6.0	4.5		2.3			
			1.8	8	Series	3.0	4.5	80		EM705 / EM806 / DM870 / DM1182		
					Unipolar	4.2	3.2					
2	24	86HS65	1.8	8	Parallel	6.1	6.5	96		EM806 / DM870 / DM1182 / DM2282		
2	34				Series	3.05	6.5		2.3			
					Unipolar	4.3	4.6					
					Parallel	6.8	8.5					
		86HS85	1.8	8	Series	3.4	8.5	118	3.8	EM806 / DM870 / DM1182 / DM2282		
					Unipolar	4.9	6.0					
			1.8	8	Parallel	6.0	12					
		86HS120			Series	3.0	12	156	5.3	EM806 / DM870 / DM1182 / DM2282		
					Unipolar	4.2	8.4					





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Model	T	KEY	D
86HS35	_/	/	9.5
86HS45	/	/	12.7
86HS65, 86HS85	14.7	5*5*25	12.7
86HS120	17.875	5*5*25	15.875
F	1	Ţ	KEY
25±0.1	2	11 7-01	



The Shaft of the 86HS45

* The shaft of the 86HS35 is round, no flat.

Match Drives					
Model	Match Drives				
86HS35	EN 4705 / EN 4006 / DN 44403				
86HS45 / 86HS65	EM705 / EM806 / DM1182				
86HS85 / 86HS120	EM705 / EM806 / DM1182				

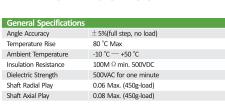
39H5xx 42H5xx 57H5xx 86H5xx

110HSxxx 130HSxxx 573Sxx 863Sxx ST curves



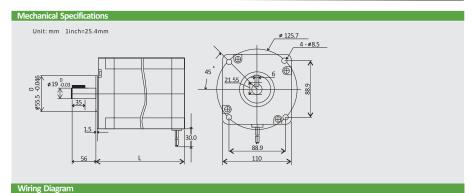


110HSxx Series





Selec	Selection Table											
Phase	NEMA Size	Model	Step Angle (°)	# of Leads	Connection	Current/Phase (A)	Holding Torque (Nm)	Length L (mm)	Weight (kg)	Match Drives		
		110HS12	1.8	4	-	6.0	12	115	6.0	DM2282 / DM1182		
2	42	110HS20	1.8	4	-	6.0	20	150	8.4	DM2282 / DM1182		
		110HS28	1.8	4	-	6.5	28	201	11.7	DM2282 / DM1182		



4 LEADS GRN YEL BLU

Match Drives	
Model	Match Drives
110HS12	
110HS20	DM2282 / DM1182
110HS28	

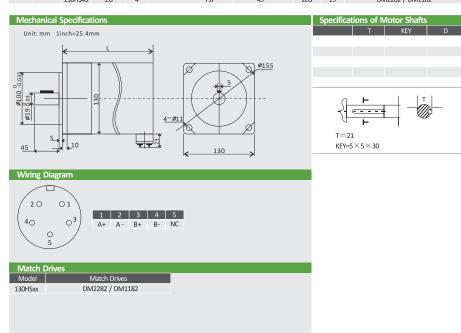
130HSxx Series

General Specifications	
Angle Accuracy	\pm 5%(full step, no load)
Temperature Rise	80 °C Max
Ambient Temperature	-10 °C — +50 °C
Insulation Resistance	100M Ω min. 500VDC
Dielectric Strength	500VAC for one minute
Shaft Radial Play	0.06 Max. (450g-load)
Shaft Axial Play	0.08 Max. (450g-load)



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Selection Table										
Phase	NEMA Size	Model	Step Angle	# of Leads	Connection	Current/Phase (A)	Holding Torque (Nm)	Length L (mm)	Weight (kg)	Match Drives
	51	130HS27	1.8	4	-	6.0	27	227	13	DM2282 / DM1182
2		130HS33	1.8	4	-	6.0	33	227	13	DM2282 / DM1182
2		130HS40	1.8	4	-	7.0	40	283	16	DM2282 / DM1182
		130HS//5	1.8	1	-	7.0	45	283	10	DM2282 / DM1182

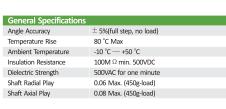






33

573Sxx Series



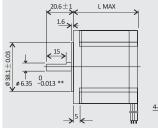


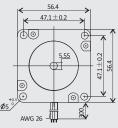
Selec	Selection Table										
Phase	NEMA Size	Model	Step Angle (°)	# of Leads	Connection	Current/Phase (A)	Holding Torque (Nm)	Length L (mm)	Weight (kg)	Match Drives	
		573S05	1.2	6	Delta	5.2	0.45	42	0.45	3DM683 / 3DM883	
3	23	573S09	1.2	6	Delta	3.5	0.9	50	0.75	3DM683 / 3DM883	
		573515	12	6	Delta	5.8	13	76	11	3DM683 / 3DM883	

* The diameter of the shaft of the 573S15 is 8 mm, and those of the others are 6.35 mm.



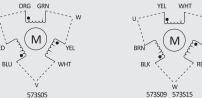






** The diameter of the shaft of the 573S15 is 8 mm, and those of the others are 6.35 mm.





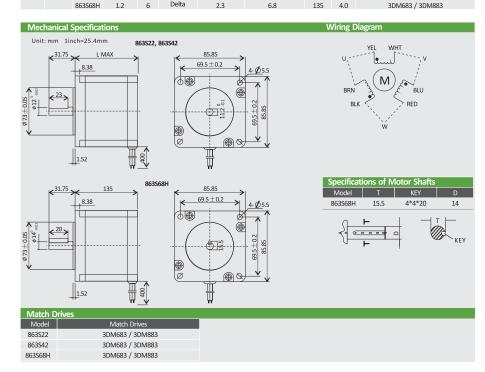
Match Drives									
Model	Match Drives								
573S05	3DM683 / 3DM883								
573S09	3DM683 / 3DM883								
573S15	3DM683 / 3DM883								

863Sxx Series

General Specification	s	
Angle Accuracy	\pm 5%(full step, no load)	
Temperature Rise	80 °C Max	
Ambient Temperature	-10 °C — +50 °C	
Insulation Resistance	100M Ω min. 500VDC	
Dielectric Strength	500VAC for one minute	
Shaft Radial Play	0.06 Max. (450g-load)	
Shaft Axial Play	0.08 Max. (450g-load)	



Selection Table										
Phase	NEMA Size	Model	Step Angle (*)	# of Leads	Connection	Current/Phase (A)	Holding Torque (Nm)	Length L (mm)	Weight (kg)	Match Drives
		863S22	1.2	6	Delta	5.0	2.3	71	1.7	3DM683 / 3DM883
3	23	863542	1.2	6	Delta	5.0	4.3	103	2.9	3DM683 / 3DM883
					D 1:					







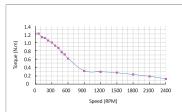
Speed-Torque Curves of 2-phase Stepper Motors

€ 0.8 ≥ ⊕ 0.6 0.4 1200 1500 1800 2100 Speed (RPM)

Stepper Motor: 57HS09 Stepper Drive: MD556 Input Voltage: 36 VDC

Output Current: 3.8 A(Peak) Microstep: 1600 steps/rev. Connection: Parallel

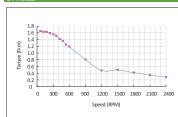
57HS13



Stepper Motor: 57HS13 Stepper Drive: MD556 Input Voltage: 36 VDC

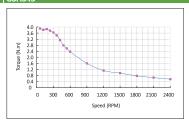
Output Current: 3.8 A(Peak) Microstep: 2000 steps/rev. Connection: Parallel

57HS22



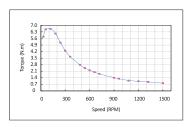
Stepper Motor: 57HS22 Stepper Drive: MD556 Input Voltage: 36 VDC

Output Current: 5.6 A(Peak) Microstep: 2000 steps/rev. Connection: Parallel



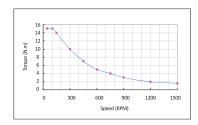
Stepper Motor: 86HS45 Stepper Drive: MD882 Input Voltage: 64 VDC

Output Current: 8.2 A(Peak) Microstep: 2000 steps/rev. Connection: Parallel



Stepper Motor: 86HS85 Stepper Drive: MD882 Input Voltage: 68 VDC

Output Current: 7.3 A (Peak) Microstep: 3200 steps/rev. Connection: Parallel

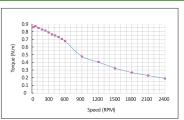


Stepper Motor: 110HS20 Stepper Drive: MD2278 Input Voltage: 110 VAC

Output Current: 7.8 A (Peak) Microstep: 400 steps/rev. Connection: Parallel

Speed-Torque Curves of 3-phase Stepper Motors

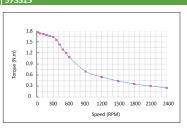
573S09



Stepper Motor: 573S09 Stepper Drive: 3MD560 Input Voltage: 36 VDC

Output Current: 4.9 A(Peak) Microstep: 2000 steps/rev. Connection: Delta

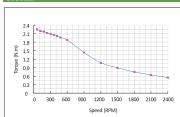
573S1<u>5</u>



Stepper Motor: 573S15 Stepper Drive: 3MD560 Input Voltage: 36 VDC

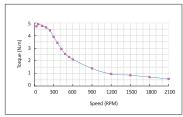
Output Current: 7.7 A(Peak) Microstep: 2000 steps/rev. Connection: Delta

863S22



Stepper Motor: 863S22 Stepper Drive: 3ND883 Input Voltage: 64 VDC

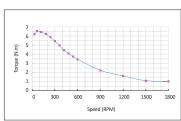
Output Current: 6.6 A(Peak) Microstep: 2000 steps/rev. Connection: Delta



Stepper Motor: 863S42 Stepper Drive: 3ND883 Input Voltage: 64 VDC

Output Current: 7.4 A(Peak) Microstep: 2000 steps/rev. Connection: Delta

35



Stepper Motor: 863S68H Stepper Drive: 3MD2380 Input Voltage: 220 VAC

Output Current: 3.36 A(Peak) Microstep: 2000 steps/rev. Connection: Delta

